

3 Florida B.E.S.T. EOC Grade 9 Math Practice Tests

Full-Length Test Prep with Detailed Answer Explanations

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3 Practice Tests

★ Algebra 1 ★

Welcome!

This book contains **3 full-length Algebra 1 practice tests** designed to prepare you for your end-of-course assessment. Each test covers all nine major topics:

📖 Foundations of Algebra 📖 Linear Equations

📖 Functions 📖 Linear Functions & Graphs

📖 Systems of Equations 📖 Polynomials & Factoring

📖 Quadratic Functions 📖 Exponential Functions

📖 Data Analysis & Statistics

Every test includes **detailed answer explanations** so you can learn from each question.

Practice builds confidence. Confidence builds results.

“ Take your time, review each answer explanation, and learn from every mistake. That’s how you grow! ”



How to Use This Book

Your 3-step path to Algebra 1 success

What's Inside


- **3 Full-Length Practice Tests** — each covers all 9 chapters of Algebra 1: real numbers, linear equations & inequalities, functions, graphing, systems of equations, polynomials, quadratics, exponential functions, and data analysis.
- **Detailed Answer Explanations** — every question includes a complete step-by-step solution to help you learn from your mistakes.
- **Formula Reference Sheet** — all the key Algebra 1 formulas and concepts organized in one page for quick access.
- **Test Tracker** — record scores and track improvement across all three tests.


Suggested Study Schedule

1. **Test 1 (Untimed — Diagnostic):** Take the first test without a time limit. This is your baseline. Don't worry about speed—focus on showing your work and trying every question.
2. **Study the gaps:** After scoring Test 1, identify your weakest topics. Spend 5–7 days reviewing those areas before moving to Test 2.
3. **Test 2 (Timed — 120 Minutes):** Take this test with a timer. Practice pacing yourself. Review your answers and compare to Test 1 to see improvement.
4. **Test 3 (Full Test Conditions):** Simulate real test conditions—quiet room, no notes, timed. This is your dress rehearsal.

 **Types of Questions**

• **Multiple Choice:** Four answer options. Work the problem yourself first, then match your answer. Eliminate clearly wrong options to narrow your choices.

 **Short Answer & Constructed Response:** Write your full solution. Show all equations, substitutions, and simplification steps. Partial credit is given for correct work even if the final answer is missing or wrong.

 **Graphing & Data:** Plot points, draw lines, and interpret graphs and scatter plots. Label axes clearly and use a ruler for straight lines.



Tip: After each test, go back and review every question you missed. Read the full explanation and try the problem again on your own. That single habit makes the biggest difference.



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💡 Test-Taking Tips 💡

Five key strategies for Algebra 1 success

Five Strategies for Every Problem

- 1. Read carefully.** Don't skim. Read every word of the problem and identify exactly what is being asked before you start calculating.
- 2. Set up before solving.** Write the equation or expression before diving into arithmetic. Label your variables and identify what you're solving for.
- 3. Show your work.** Write each step clearly—distribute, combine like terms, isolate the variable. This earns partial credit and reduces mistakes.
- 4. Check your answer.** Plug your result back into the original equation or condition. Does it work?
- 5. Re-read the question.** Make sure you answered what was actually asked. Many mistakes come from solving correctly but answering the wrong question.

Common Algebra 1 Mistakes to Watch For

- ⚠️ Sign errors:** When multiplying or dividing an inequality by a negative, flip the sign.
- ⚠️ Distributing negatives:** $-(3x - 5) = -3x + 5$, not $-3x - 5$.
- ⚠️ Slope:** Rise over run, $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$. Don't swap x and y .
- ⚠️ Factoring:** Always check by multiplying your factors back out.
- ⚠️ Quadratic formula:** Don't forget the "2a" in the denominator, not just "a".

 Don't Forget

- Circle keywords in word problems: "how many more," "total," "rate"
- For word problems, define your variable first: "Let $x = \dots$ "
- When graphing, plot at least two points and check a third
- Convert between forms when it helps: slope-intercept \leftrightarrow standard
- For systems, check your solution in both equations



“ The best way to learn algebra is to understand **why** each step works, not just memorize procedures. When you review your mistakes, ask: Where did my thinking go wrong? ”



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What You'll Need

Gather these materials before you begin

Materials Checklist

- ✓ **Sharpened Pencils** — #2 pencils, at least two
- ✓ **Good Eraser** — for clean corrections
- ✓ **Scratch Paper** — for working out problems
- ✓ **Graphing Calculator** — if allowed by your state's test
- ✓ **Ruler / Straightedge** — for graphing
- ✓ **Quiet Space** — no distractions
- ✓ **Focused Mind** — ready to do your best

Typically Allowed

- ✓ Pencils and eraser
- ✓ Scratch paper (provided on official test day)
- ✓ Graphing calculator (varies by state—check your test rules)
- ✓ Ruler or straightedge

Not Allowed

- ✗ Cell phone or any electronic device (other than allowed calculator)
- ✗ Notes, textbooks, or reference sheets (beyond what's provided)
- ✗ Help from others during the test

 **A Note for Parents & Guardians**

Three tests provide a focused, manageable study plan. Space them **one week apart** with study days in between.

How to help:

- Test 1 should be untimed — focus on learning, not speed.
- After each test, review the full solutions together. Ask: “Which topics were hardest? Let’s study those before the next one.”
- Use the Test Tracker page to visualize progress over time.
- For extra support on specific topics, pair this book with our **Algebra 1 Study Guide**.

PREVIEW



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Algebra 1 Reference Sheet

Key formulas and facts you may use during each practice test

★ Properties & Exponents

Commutative: $a + b = b + a$; $ab = ba$

Associative: $(a + b) + c = a + (b + c)$

Distributive: $a(b + c) = ab + ac$

$a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n}$ $(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$

$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$ $a^0 = 1$

$a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$ $(ab)^n = a^n b^n$

★ Linear Equations & Inequalities

Slope-intercept: $y = mx + b$

Point-slope: $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

Standard form: $Ax + By = C$

Slope: $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

Parallel lines: same slope

Perpendicular: $m_1 \cdot m_2 = -1$

★ Functions

A function maps each input to exactly one output.

Vertical line test: passes through at most one point.

Domain: set of all inputs (x -values)

Range: set of all outputs (y -values)

$f(x)$ notation: $f(3)$ means substitute $x = 3$

★ Systems of Equations

Solve by graphing, substitution, or elimination

One solution: lines intersect (consistent)

No solution: lines are parallel

Infinitely many: same line (dependent)

★ Polynomials & Factoring

$(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$

$(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$

$a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$

To factor $ax^2 + bx + c$: find two numbers that multiply to ac and add to b

★ Quadratic Functions

Standard form: $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

Vertex form: $y = a(x - h)^2 + k$

Vertex: (h, k) ; axis of symmetry: $x = h$

Quadratic formula: $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

Discriminant: $b^2 - 4ac$

> 0 : two real solutions $= 0$: one < 0 : none

★ Exponential Functions & Sequences

Growth: $y = a \cdot b^x$ where $b > 1$

Decay: $y = a \cdot b^x$ where $0 < b < 1$

Arithmetic sequence: $a_n = a_1 + (n - 1)d$

Geometric sequence: $a_n = a_1 \cdot r^{n-1}$

★ Data & Statistics

Line of best fit: approximates scatter plot trend

Correlation: positive, negative, or none

Correlation \neq causation

Residual = actual - predicted

Good fit: residuals small, randomly scattered

★ Square Roots & Radicals

Perfect squares: 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100, 121, 144

$\sqrt{ab} = \sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{b}$ $\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}$

Simplify: $\sqrt{50} = \sqrt{25 \cdot 2} = 5\sqrt{2}$

My Test Tracker

Record your scores and track your progress

Name: _____

Start Date: _____

Test 1 (Untimed – Diagnostic)

Date: _____

Score: _____ / _____

Percent: _____

Topics to review: _____

Test 2 (Timed – 120 Minutes)

Date: _____

Score: _____ / _____

Percent: _____

Improved on: _____

Still need work: _____

Test 3 (Timed – Full Test Conditions)

Date: _____

Score: _____ / _____

Percent: _____

Total improvement since Test 1: _____

 Score Progress


Shade each bar to your score after each test.

 Final Reflection

The most important thing I learned: _____

The topic where I improved the most: _____

What I want to keep working on: _____



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PRACTICE TEST

1

Practice Test 1

 10 Questions

Before You Start

- ✓ *Read each question carefully before choosing your answer.*
- ✓ *Show your work on scratch paper when you need to.*
- ✓ *Skip hard questions and come back to them later.*
- ✓ *Check your answers when you're done.*
- ✓ *Take your time — there's no rush!*

★ *You've Got This!* ★

Do your best and show what you know!



1. The table below shows the monthly cost (in dollars) of two streaming plans. Plan A has a \$40 signup fee and costs \$25 per month. Plan B has an \$80 signup fee and costs \$15 per month. After how many months will both plans have the same total cost?

Month	Plan A	Plan B
1	\$65	\$95
2	\$90	\$110
3	\$115	\$125
4	?	?
5	?	?

Your Answer:

2. Simplify $\frac{(2x^3)^3}{4x^5}$.

(A) $2x^4$

(B) $2x^{14}$

(C) $\frac{x^4}{2}$

(D) $6x^4$

3. What is the quotient of $(2x^2 + x - 6) \div (2x - 3)$?

(A) $x + 2$

(B) $x - 2$

(C) $x + 3$

(D) $2x + 2$



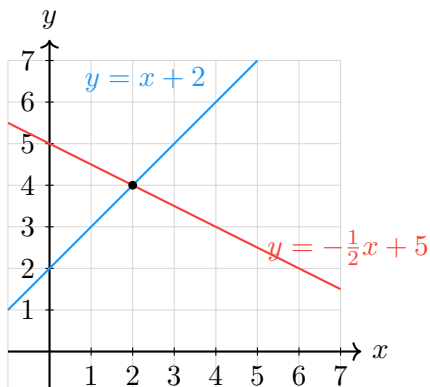
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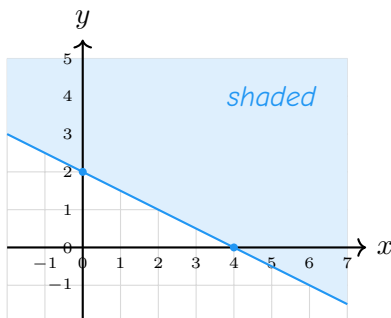


4. Two lines are graphed on the coordinate plane below. Classify the system as consistent and independent, consistent and dependent, or inconsistent.



Your Answer:

5. Which inequality matches the graph below?



The solid boundary line passes through $(0, 2)$ and $(4, 0)$. The region above the line is shaded.

(A) $y < -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$

(B) $y > -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$

(C) $y \leq -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$

(D) $y \geq -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$



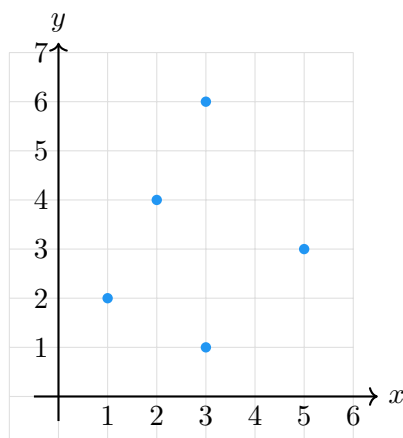
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6. The graph below shows a set of plotted points. Does the relation pass the vertical line test?



- (A) Yes, because every point is in a different row. (B) No, because there are two points at $x = 3$.
- (C) Yes, because all y -values are positive. (D) No, because the points do not form a straight line.

7. A model predicts $y = 68$ at a certain point. The actual value is 72. What is the residual?

Your Answer:

8. Simplify $\sqrt{12} \cdot \sqrt{3}$.

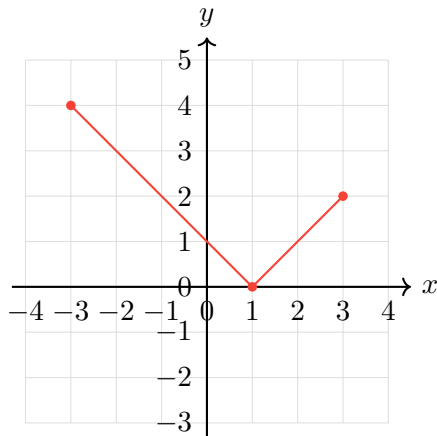
Your Answer:



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9. The graph shows function g . For which input does $g(x) = 0$?



(A) $x = -3$

(B) $x = 0$

(C) $x = 1$

(D) $x = 3$

10. A student solved $x^2 - 8x + 16 = 0$ and found two different solutions: $x = 2$ and $x = 6$. What is the student's error?

(A) The student used the wrong formula.

(B) The discriminant is 0, so there is only one solution: $x = 4$.

(C) The student forgot to simplify the radical.

(D) The equation has no real solutions.



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Answer Key & Explanations



Answer Key

First try each test on your own, then check your work here.

Practice Test 1 – Answer Key

1 4

2 A

3 A

4 Consistent and independent

5 D

6 B

7 4

8 6

9 C

10 B

Time to Learn!

Review the explanations below, especially for the questions you missed.

Understanding why each answer is correct builds stronger problem-solving skills.

Tip: Circle any questions you got wrong, then read their explanation carefully.

Practice Test 1 – Detailed Explanations

1 Plan A costs $40 + 25m$ and Plan B costs $80 + 15m$. Set them equal: $40 + 25m = 80 + 15m$. Subtract $15m$ and 40 : $10m = 40$, so $m = 4$ months.

2 First apply the power rule to the numerator: $(2x^3)^3 = 8x^9$. Then divide: $\frac{8x^9}{4x^5} = 2x^{9-5} = 2x^4$.



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3 Use polynomial long division: $2x^2 \div 2x = x$, and $x(2x - 3) = 2x^2 - 3x$. Subtract to get $4x - 6$. Then $4x \div 2x = 2$, and $2(2x - 3) = 4x - 6$. The remainder is 0, so the quotient is $x + 2$.

4 The two lines have different slopes (1 and $-\frac{1}{2}$) and intersect at exactly one point, (2, 4). A system with one solution is consistent and independent.

5 The slope is $m = \frac{0-2}{4-0} = -\frac{1}{2}$ and the y -intercept is 2. A solid line means \leq or \geq , and shading above means $y \geq$. The inequality is $y \geq -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$.

6 A vertical line at $x = 3$ passes through the points (3, 6) and (3, 1). Because that vertical line hits two points, the relation fails the vertical line test and is not a function.

7 Residual = actual - predicted = $72 - 68 = 4$. A positive residual means the actual value is 4 above the prediction.

8 Use the product property of radicals: $\sqrt{12} \cdot \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{12 \times 3} = \sqrt{36} = 6$.

9 The graph crosses the x -axis at the point (1, 0). Since $g(1) = 0$, the output is zero when $x = 1$.

10 The discriminant is $D = 64 - 64 = 0$. With $D = 0$, there is exactly one solution: $x = \frac{8}{2} = 4$. The student incorrectly computed two different roots.



Well done checking your answers!

Keep practicing to strengthen your skills.

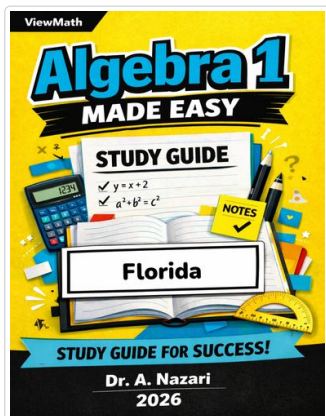


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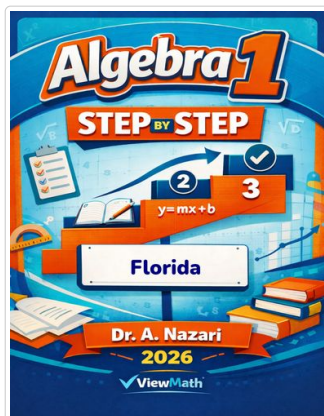
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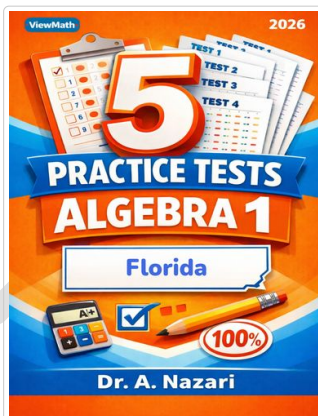
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Step-by-Step



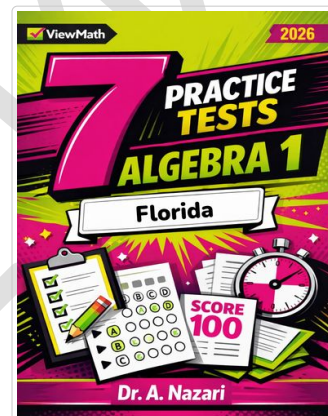
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5 Practice Tests



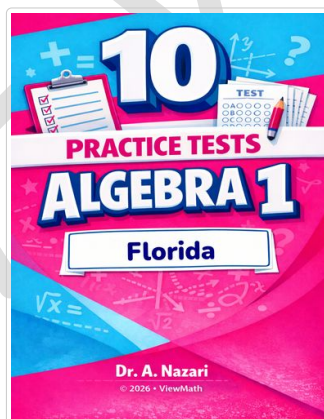
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7 Practice Tests



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10 Practice Tests



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