

North Dakota NDSA Grade 9 Math Quizzes

Quick Topic Assessments with Answer Key

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QUICK QUIZZES FOR EVERY TOPIC

Algebra 1 Math Quizzes

Topic Quizzes • Chapter Reviews • Answer Key

Quick, focused quizzes are one of the best ways to find out what you really know — and what you still need to work on.

This book has a short quiz for every Algebra 1 topic. Each one takes about 10–15 minutes and covers the most important skills for that section. Take a quiz, score it, and see exactly where you stand.

Use it after studying a topic, the night before a test, or anytime you want a fast check-in on your algebra skills.



Take the Quiz

*10–15 minutes
per quiz*



Score It

*Check every answer
in the key*



Review & Retry

*Study what you missed
then quiz again*

How to Use This Book

1 *Pick a topic you've been studying*

Look through the table of contents and find the quiz that matches the topic you just covered in class or in your study guide.

2 *Set a timer for 10–15 minutes*

Give yourself a reasonable time limit. Working with a timer helps you build speed and stay focused — just like a real test.

3 *Answer every question*

Try each problem. If you get stuck, skip it and come back at the end. Don't leave any question blank — a good guess is better than no answer.

4 *Check your answers*

Use the answer key in the back. Mark each question right or wrong. Write your score on the quiz page and track your progress over time.

5 *Review what you missed*

Go back to the problems you got wrong. Read the topic explanation, study the method, then try the quiz again in a few days. Your score should improve every time.

Track Your Scores

Every quiz in this book has a **Name / Date / Score** bar at the top. After you finish a quiz, check your answers using the answer key in the back, then write your score on that bar.

★ How to Track Your Progress

- 1 Write your score on the quiz page right after you grade it.
- 2 Circle any quiz where you scored below 70 %.
- 3 Review the topic, then retake the quiz in a few days.
- 4 Compare your scores — you'll see improvement every time!

💡 *Tip: Your score should go up every time you retake a quiz. That's how you know you're learning!*

✎ Use the score bar on each quiz page to record your results.

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CHAPTER

1

Foundations of Algebra

★ What's Inside ★

1.1 Classifying Real Numbers	2
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★ 1.1 Classifying Real Numbers ★

🎯 Learning Goals

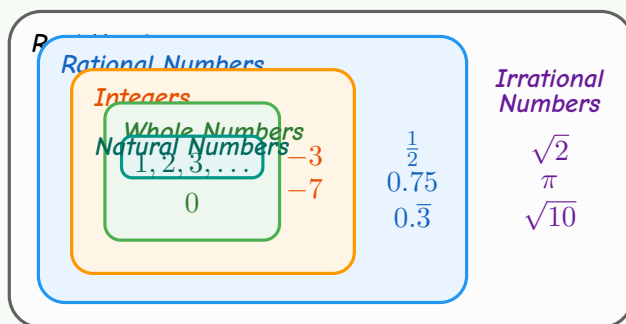
- Classify numbers as natural, whole, integer, rational, or irrational
- Know that rational decimals terminate or repeat

🎓 Number Subsets

Every number you use belongs to at least one of these groups:

- **Natural numbers:** $1, 2, 3, \dots$ (counting numbers)
- **Whole numbers:** $0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$ (naturals plus zero)
- **Integers:** $\dots, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots$ (whole numbers and negatives)
- **Rational numbers:** any number that equals $\frac{a}{b}$ where a, b are integers and $b \neq 0$
- **Irrational numbers:** decimals that never end and never repeat ($\sqrt{2}, \pi$)

These sets nest like rings. $\text{Natural} \subset \text{Whole} \subset \text{Integer} \subset \text{Rational}$. Rational and Irrational together make the **real numbers**.



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 **Classifying Numbers**

Place each number in all groups that fit.

1. 7 — Natural, Whole, Integer, Rational ($\frac{7}{1}$), Real
2. 0 — Whole, Integer, Rational ($\frac{0}{1}$), Real
3. -3 — Integer, Rational ($\frac{-3}{1}$), Real
4. $\frac{2}{5} = 0.4$ — Rational (terminates), Real
5. $\sqrt{3} = 1.7320\dots$ — Irrational (never repeats), Real



“ Every integer is rational! Just write it over 1. For example, $-5 = \frac{-5}{1}$. ”

Rational Numbers

- Written as $\frac{a}{b}$, $b \neq 0$
- Decimals terminate or repeat
- Examples: $\frac{3}{4}$, -2 , $0.\bar{6}$

Irrational Numbers

- Cannot be written as $\frac{a}{b}$
- Decimals never terminate or repeat
- Examples: $\sqrt{2}$, π , $\sqrt{10}$

 **Classifying Real Numbers** 

1. Classify -12 : natural, whole, integer, rational, or irrational?
2. Is $\sqrt{25}$ rational or irrational?
3. Is $\sqrt{7}$ rational or irrational?
4. Write $0.\bar{3}$ as a fraction.
5. All whole numbers are integers.

True False



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CHAPTER

2

Introduction to Functions

★ What's Inside ★

2.1 What Is a Function?	5
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★ 2.1 What Is a Function? ★

🎯 Learning Goals

- Decide whether a relation is a function
- Use the vertical line test on graphs

🎓 What Is a Function?

A **relation** is any set of ordered pairs (x, y) .

A **function** is a special relation where every input (x) gives exactly one output (y) . No x -value may repeat with a different y -value.

Think of a vending machine. Press button **A3**, you always get the same snack. If one button gave a random item each time, that machine would not be a function!

Ways to show a relation: ordered pairs, table, graph, mapping diagram, or equation.

✏️ Checking a Table

Is this relation a function?

x	1	2	3	1
y	5	8	10	7

The input $x = 1$ maps to both 5 and 7. One input gives two outputs, so this is **not a function**.



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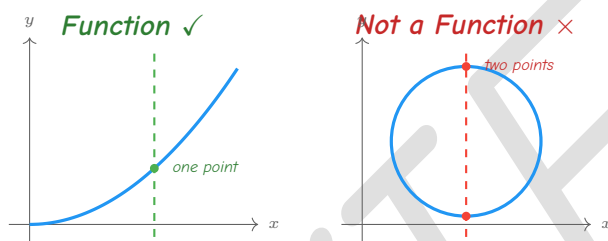


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The Vertical Line Test

- 1 Draw or look at the graph of the relation.
- 2 Imagine sliding a vertical line across the graph from left to right.
- 3 If the vertical line ever hits the graph in **two or more points** at the same time, it is **not** a function.
- 4 If every vertical line hits at most one point, it **is** a function.



“ A function is like a rule: one question, one answer. If one input gives two answers, it breaks the rule! ”



TIP

In a mapping diagram, each input arrow must point to exactly one output. An input with two arrows means it is not a function.

What Is a Function?

1. A relation has the pairs $(2, 4)$, $(3, 6)$, $(4, 8)$, $(5, 10)$. Is it a function?
2. A relation has the pairs $(1, 3)$, $(2, 5)$, $(1, 7)$. Is it a function?
3. A circle is drawn on a coordinate plane. Does it pass the vertical line test?
4. Every function is a relation. True False
5. A mapping diagram shows $3 \rightarrow 9$, $4 \rightarrow 16$, $5 \rightarrow 25$. Is it a function?



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Answer Key & Explanations



Answer Key

First try each quiz on your own, then check your work here.

Integer, Rational

Rational

Irrational

$\frac{1}{3}$

True

Yes

No

No

True

Yes

Explanations

-12 is negative, so not natural or whole. It is an integer. Since $-12 = \frac{-12}{1}$, it is also rational.

$\sqrt{25} = 5$, a whole number. Every integer is rational: $5 = \frac{5}{1}$.

7 is not a perfect square. So $\sqrt{7}$ is a non-repeating, non-terminating decimal.

$0.\bar{3} = 0.333\dots$. The repeating decimal equals $\frac{1}{3}$, which is rational.

Each input appears only once. Every x -value maps to exactly one y -value, so it is a function.

The input $x = 1$ maps to both 3 and 7 . One input gives two outputs, so it is not a function.

A vertical line through the middle of a circle hits it at two points. So a circle is not a function.

Each input maps to exactly one output. No input is repeated, so it is a function.



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Well done checking your answers!

Keep practicing to strengthen your skills.

PREVIEW



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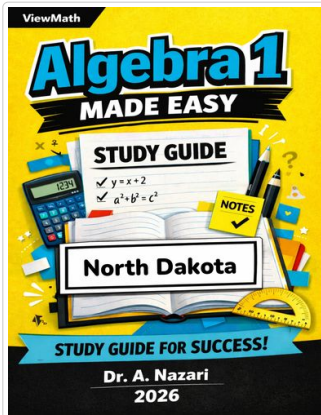


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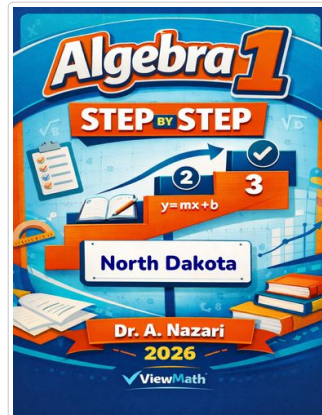
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Study Guide



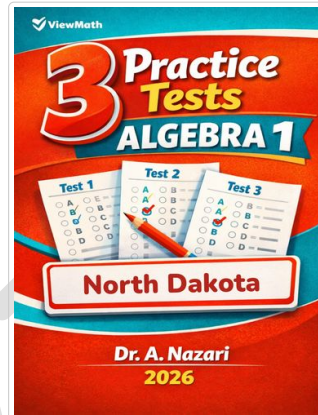
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Step-by-Step



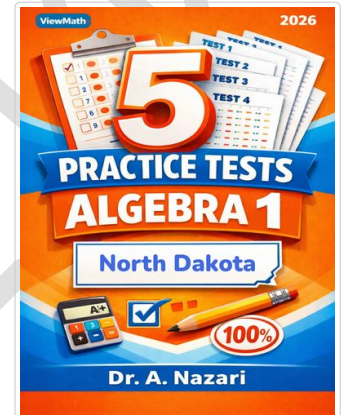
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3 Practice Tests



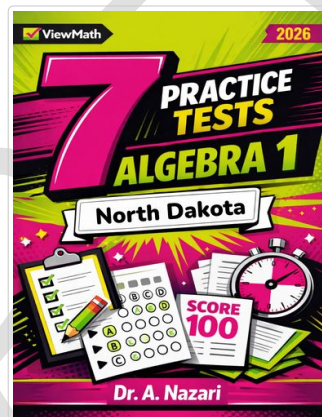
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5 Practice Tests



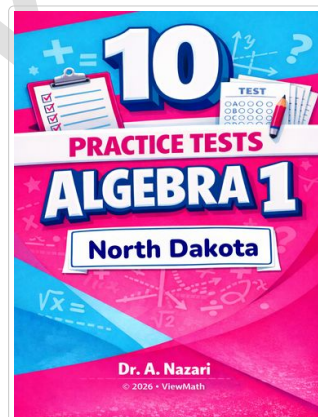
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7 Practice Tests



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10 Practice Tests



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