

12 Florida FAST Grade 8 Math Practice Tests

The Complete Coached Test Prep with Tips & Detailed Answer Keys

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12 Practice Tests

Welcome!

*This book contains **12 full-length practice tests** — the ultimate preparation program for your Grade 8 math assessment. Each test covers all six major topics:*

📖 *Irrational Numbers* 📖 *Powers & Scientific Notation*

📖 *Linear Equations* 📖 *Functions*

📖 *Geometry* 📖 *Data & Relationships*

Twelve tests give you unmatched depth and repetition. By the time you finish, there won't be any surprises on test day.

Champions aren't born — they're prepared.



How to Use This Book

Your complete 12-test championship program

What's Inside

- **12 Full-Length Practice Tests** — each covers all 6 chapters of Grade 8 math: irrational numbers, exponents & scientific notation, linear equations, functions, geometry, and data analysis.
- **Detailed Answer Explanations** — every question includes a step-by-step solution so you learn from every mistake.
- **Formula Reference Sheet** — all the key Grade 8 formulas you need, organized and ready for quick review.
- **Test Tracker** — log your scores across all 12 tests and monitor your progress from start to finish.

Your 12-Test Championship Plan

★ **PHASE 1: Foundation (Tests 1–3)**

Untimed. Learn the format, discover your strengths and weak spots. Focus on understanding, not speed.

★★ **PHASE 2: Building (Tests 4–6)**

Soft-timed. Practice showing full solutions, and study the topics you missed between each test.

★★★ **PHASE 3: Sharpening (Tests 7–9)**

Timed (70 minutes). Build pacing and accuracy under real-time constraints. Review every mistake.

PHASE 4: Championship (Tests 10–12)

Full test conditions: strict timing, quiet space, no notes. These are your final dress rehearsals.

Schedule: Take one test every 3–4 days. Use study days between tests to review and improve.

 Types of Questions

• **Multiple Choice:** Four options — work the problem first, then match. Eliminate obviously wrong answers to narrow your choices.

 **Short Answer & Constructed Response:** Show every step: equations, substitutions, simplifications. Partial credit rewards correct reasoning even if the final answer is off.

 **Graphing & Data Analysis:** Plot points, draw lines, interpret graphs. Label axes clearly.



Tip: Twelve tests is a true championship program. Don't rush — the power is in what you do between tests. Study, review, and master your weak areas before moving on.



Find more at
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💡 Test-Taking Tips 💡

Your complete test-day toolkit

🕒 Before the Test

- Review your notes from the previous test — focus on your weak topics
- Set up a quiet, clean workspace with all your materials ready
- Start with a positive mindset: you've prepared for this

✎ During the Test

- Read each problem fully before calculating anything
- Write the formula or set up the equation first, then substitute values
- Show all your work — every step, every operation
- If stuck for more than 2 minutes, mark it and move on
- Use estimation to check if your answers are reasonable

📖 After the Test

- Read the full explanation for every question you got wrong
- Write down which topics gave you trouble (not just question numbers)
- Study those topics before taking the next test
- Record your score in the Test Tracker

 Common Mistakes in Grade 8 Math

 **Exponents:** $(ab)^n = a^n b^n$, but $a^m + a^n \neq a^{m+n}$. Only multiply/divide to combine.

 **Slope formula:** $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ — keep the order consistent.

 **Systems of equations:** The solution must satisfy both equations.

 **Transformations:** Rotations and reflections change position; dilations change size.

 **Volume:** Use $\pi \approx 3.14$ or leave as π — match what the question asks.



“ The students who improve the most aren't the ones who take the most tests — they're the ones who carefully review every mistake. Make that your priority. ”



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Grade 8 Formula Reference

Keep this page handy — you may use it during your practice tests!

Exponent Rules

$$a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n} \quad (a^m)^n = a^{mn} \quad (ab)^n = a^n \cdot b^n$$
$$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n} \quad a^0 = 1 \quad (a \neq 0) \quad a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$$

Lines & Linear Equations

Slope: $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$

m = slope b = y -intercept

Slope-intercept: $y = mx + b$

Parallel lines: same slope

Proportional: $y = mx$

Proportional: passes through origin

Scientific Notation

$a \times 10^n$ where $1 \leq |a| < 10$

Multiply: add exponents

Divide: subtract exponents

Roots & Number Sense

Perfect squares: 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100, 121, 144

Perfect cubes: 1, 8, 27, 64, 125 $\sqrt{2} \approx 1.414$ $\sqrt{3} \approx 1.732$ $\pi \approx 3.14159$

Pythagorean Theorem & Distance

$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ c = hypotenuse (longest side of a right triangle) **Distance:** $d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$

Volume Formulas

Cylinder $V = \pi r^2 h$ **Cone** $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$ **Sphere** $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$

Angle Relationships

Triangle angle sum: 180°

Exterior angle = sum of two remote interior angles

Parallel lines + transversal: Alternate interior angles are equal • Co-interior angles sum to 180°

Functions

Each input $\rightarrow$ exactly one output **Vertical line test:** if any vertical line hits graph more than once $\Rightarrow$ not a function

Linear: constant rate of change ($y = mx + b$)

Nonlinear: rate of change varies

Transformations

Translation: slide

Reflection: flip

Rotation: turn

Dilation: resize

Congruent = same shape & size

Similar = same shape, proportional size



Tip: Bookmark this page! Review it before each test so these formulas become second nature.



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PRACTICE TEST

1

Practice Test 1

 10 Questions

Before You Start

- ✓ *Read each question carefully before choosing your answer.*
- ✓ *Show your work on scratch paper when you need to.*
- ✓ *Skip hard questions and come back to them later.*
- ✓ *Check your answers when you're done.*
- ✓ *Take your time — there's no rush!*

★ *You've Got This!* ★

Do your best and show what you know!



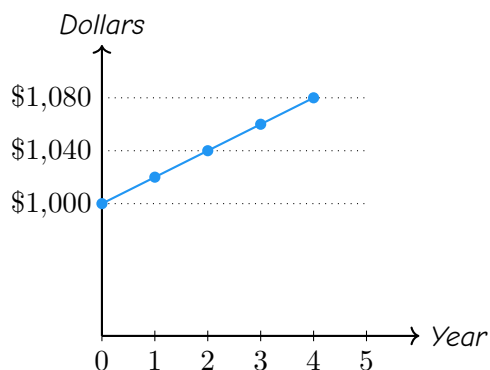
1. Which best explains why $\sqrt{\frac{1}{9}}$ is a rational number?

- (A) Because the fraction $\frac{1}{9}$ is less than 1
- (B) Because $\sqrt{\frac{1}{9}} = \frac{1}{3}$, which is a ratio of two integers
- (C) Because the square root of any fraction is always rational
- (D) Because 9 is a single-digit number

2. A teacher asks which whole number $\sqrt{85}$ is closest to. The correct answer is:

- (A) 8
- (B) 9
- (C) 10
- (D) 42

3. The graph below shows the total money in a simple-interest savings account over time. What is the annual interest rate?



- (A) 2%
- (B) 4%
- (C) 8%
- (D) 40%



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4. Simplify $(h^3)^4 \cdot h^2$.

(A) h^9

(B) h^{14}

(C) h^{24}

(D) h^{36}

5. Evaluate $\sqrt[3]{-64}$.

(A) -4

(B) 4

(C) -8

(D) Not a real number

6. The table shows multiplication problems in scientific notation. What value belongs in the blank?

Expression	Result
$(2 \times 10^3)(5 \times 10^2)$	1×10^6
$(3 \times 10^4)(? \times 10^2)$	1.2×10^7

(A) 2

(B) 4

(C) 6

(D) 12

7. A map uses a scale where 3 cm represents 75 km. What actual distance does 8 cm on the map represent?

(A) 150 km

(B) 175 km

(C) 200 km

(D) 225 km

8. A snowplow clears 250 feet of road in 5 minutes. What is the rate in feet per minute?

Your Answer:



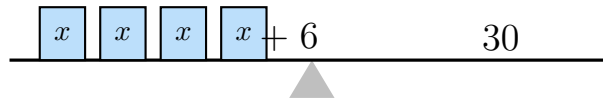
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9. The balance scale below is level. Each bag contains x marbles, and there are 6 loose marbles on the left side. The right side has 30 marbles. How many marbles are in each bag?



Your Answer:

10. Solve: $-4x + 8 \leq 20$.

- (A) $x \leq -3$ (B) $x \geq -3$
(C) $x \leq 3$ (D) $x \geq 3$



★ End of Practice Test 1 ★

Great job finishing the test!

My Score

I got _____ out of 10 questions right.

*Check your answers in the **Answer Key** at the back of the book.*

 *Review any questions you missed. That's how we learn!*

Answer Key & Explanations



Answer Key

First try each test on your own, then check your work here.

Practice Test 1 — Answer Key

1 B

2 B

3 A

4 B

5 A

6 B

7 C

8 50

9 6

10 B

Time to Learn!

Review the explanations below, *especially for the questions you missed*.

Understanding why each answer is correct builds stronger problem-solving skills.

Tip: Circle any questions you got wrong, then read their explanation carefully.

Practice Test 1 — Detailed Explanations

1 $\sqrt{\frac{1}{9}} = \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{9}} = \frac{1}{3}$, which can be written as a fraction of integers. Choice C is false: $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$ is irrational.

2 $9^2 = 81$ and $10^2 = 100$. Since 85 is closer to 81 than to 100, $\sqrt{85}$ is closest to 9. In fact, $\sqrt{85} \approx 9.22$.



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3 The account starts at \$1,000 and increases to \$1,020 after 1 year, so it gains \$20 per year. Rate $= \frac{20}{1,000} = 0.02 = 2\%$.

4 Use the power rule: $(h^3)^4 = h^{3 \times 4} = h^{12}$. Then apply the product rule: $h^{12} \cdot h^2 = h^{12+2} = h^{14}$.

5 $(-4)^3 = (-4)(-4)(-4) = -64$, so $\sqrt[3]{-64} = -4$. Cube roots of negative numbers are real and negative.

6 $(3 \times 10^4)(? \times 10^2) = 3? \times 10^6$. We need $3? \times 10^6 = 1.2 \times 10^7 = 12 \times 10^6$. So $3? = 12$, giving $? = 4$.

7 A map scale is a proportional relationship. The unit rate is $k = \frac{75}{3} = 25$ km per cm, so 8 cm represents $25 \times 8 = 200$ km.

8 The rate of change equals distance divided by time: $\frac{250}{5} = 50$ feet per minute.

9 The balance scale represents the equation $4x + 6 = 30$. Subtract 6 from both sides: $4x = 24$. Divide by 4: $x = 6$.

10 Subtract 8 from both sides: $-4x \leq 12$. Then divide by -4 and reverse the inequality sign (dividing by a negative): $x \geq -3$.



Well done checking your answers!

Keep practicing to strengthen your skills.



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THANK YOU

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Get the Full Book!

This preview shows just a small sample of what's inside.

The complete book includes:

- ✓ *All chapters and topics*
- ✓ *Hundreds of practice problems*
- ✓ *Complete answer key with explanations*
- ✓ *Colorful visuals and step-by-step examples*
- ✓ *Reference sheets and progress trackers*

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