

Utah RISE Grade 8 Math Step by Step

A Beginner Friendly Guide to Learning Math

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★ *Table of Contents* ★

Here's what we'll explore together!

★ 1	<i>Irrational Numbers</i>	2
★ 2	<i>Lines and Linear Equations</i>	6



Let's learn and have fun!

PREVIEW



CHAPTER

1

Irrational Numbers

★ *What's Inside* ★

<i>1.1 Rational and Irrational Numbers</i>	3
--------------------------------------------------	---



★ 1.1 Rational and Irrational Numbers ★

What You'll Learn

- Tell whether a number is rational or irrational
- Use decimals, fractions, and square roots to justify your answer

Words to Know

- ▶ **Rational Number** — A number that can be written as $\frac{a}{b}$ where a and b are integers and $b \neq 0$.
- ▶ **Irrational Number** — A number that cannot be written as a fraction of two integers.
- ▶ **Decimal Expansion** — The decimal form of a number, such as terminating, repeating, or nonrepeating.

How to Classify a Number as Rational or Irrational

- 1 Check whether the number is already a fraction, an integer, a terminating decimal, or a repeating decimal.
- 2 If it can be written as $\frac{a}{b}$, then it is **rational**.
- 3 If its decimal never ends and never repeats, then it is **irrational**.
- 4 Use a short reason, such as **repeats**, **terminates**, or **not a perfect square**.



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Example: Classify -4 , 0.375 , $0.\overline{18}$, and $\sqrt{7}$.

Step 1 Look at each number's form. -4 is an integer, 0.375 is a terminating decimal, $0.\overline{18}$ is a repeating decimal, and $\sqrt{7}$ is a square root.

Step 2 Write the rational numbers as fractions when possible: $-4 = \frac{-4}{1}$, $0.375 = \frac{375}{1000} = \frac{3}{8}$, and $0.\overline{18} = \frac{18}{99} = \frac{2}{11}$.

Step 3 Since 7 is not a perfect square, $\sqrt{7}$ has a decimal that never ends and never repeats.

Step 4 So -4 , 0.375 , and $0.\overline{18}$ are rational, and $\sqrt{7}$ is irrational.

✓ -4 , 0.375 , and $0.\overline{18}$ are rational; $\sqrt{7}$ is irrational.

Example: Classify $\sqrt{49}$ and π .

Step 1 Decide whether each number can be rewritten in a simpler form.

Step 2 $\sqrt{49} = 7$, and $7 = \frac{7}{1}$, so it is rational.

Step 3 $\pi = 3.14159\dots$ never ends and never repeats, so it is irrational.

Step 4 A square root is only irrational when the number under the root is **not** a perfect square.

✓ $\sqrt{49}$ is rational, but π is irrational.

⚠ Watch Out! Not every square root is irrational. For example, $\sqrt{64} = 8$, so it is rational.



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Rational and Irrational Numbers Practice

Spot the Form

1. Is $\frac{5}{12}$ rational or irrational? _____

2. Is 0.81 rational or irrational? _____

Use the Decimal Pattern

3. Is $0.\overline{6}$ rational or irrational? _____

4. Is 1.010010001... rational or irrational?

Check Square Roots

5. Is $\sqrt{36}$ rational or irrational? _____

Explain Your Choice

6. A student says $\sqrt{15}$ is rational because it is a square root. Is the student correct? _____



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CHAPTER

2

Lines and Linear Equations

★ What's Inside ★

2.1 Graphing Proportional Relationships	7
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★ 2.1 Graphing Proportional Relationships ★

What You'll Learn

- Graph proportional relationships and interpret the unit rate as slope
- Compare proportional relationships shown in different ways

Words to Know

- ▶ **Proportional Relationship** — A relationship where $y = kx$ and the line passes through the origin.
- ▶ **Unit Rate** — The constant k in $y = kx$; also called the constant of proportionality.

☰ How to Find and Compare Unit Rates

- 1 Pick any point (x, y) on the line or from the table and divide: $k = \frac{y}{x}$.
- 2 Write the equation $y = kx$.
- 3 To compare two relationships, find k for each and see which is larger or smaller.



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Example: A car travels 150 miles in 3 hours at constant speed. Find the unit rate and write the equation.

Step 1 $k = \frac{150}{3} = 50$ miles per hour.

Step 2 The equation is $y = 50x$.

Step 3 Not comparing here — just one relationship.

✓ **Unit rate = 50 mph; equation: $y = 50x$**

Example: Runner A: $y = 8x$. Runner B covers 35 miles in 5 hours. Who is faster?

Step 1 Runner A: $k = 8$. Runner B: $k = \frac{35}{5} = 7$.

Step 2 Runner A: $y = 8x$. Runner B: $y = 7x$.

Step 3 Compare: $8 > 7$, so Runner A is faster.

✓ **Runner A is faster (8 mph vs. 7 mph).**



A proportional relationship always passes through the origin $(0, 0)$. If it doesn't, it's not proportional!



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Graphing Proportional Relationships Practice

Find the Unit Rate

1. A graph passes through $(4, 12)$. What is k ? _____
2. A table shows $(5, 20)$. What is k ? _____

Write the Equation

3. Store A charges \$3 per pound. Write the equation. _____

Compare

4. Store A: $y = 3x$. Store B charges \$2.50 per pound. Which is cheaper? _____
5. A recipe uses 2 cups of flour for every 3 cookies. How many cups are needed for 12 cookies?

Answer: _____ cups



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